



May 11<sup>th</sup>, 2026

The Registrar  
Federal Court of Canada  
[Federal Court - Federal Court Electronic Filing System](#)

Dear registrar:

**Re:** [REDACTED] et [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] v. MPSEP  
**Registry No.: IMM-7743-26**  
**Our file No.: UCI: [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]**

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As per your request pursuant to Rule 9 of the *Federal Court Immigration and Refugee Protection Rules*, I enclose a certified copy of the decision/order rendered in connection with the above-noted application.

Portions of this document have been redacted to protect third-party information.

I hereby certify that the documents included are true copies of the original material presently in possession of the Canada Border Services Agency.

Yours truly,

*Helena Silva*

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Helena Silva  
Assistant Director's Office Team  
Intelligence and Enforcement Division  
1010 St Antoine West, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Montreal, Québec H3C 1B2

c.c : **Department of Justice**  
200, boul. René-Levesque West  
9<sup>th</sup> floor, East Tower,  
Guy-Favreau Complex  
Montreal, Quebec H2Z 1X4  
[NotificationPGC-](#)  
[AGC.Civil@justice.gc.ca](mailto:AGC.Civil@justice.gc.ca)

**Nom représentant**

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
Montreal, QC [REDACTED]  
[vmgtz36@gmail.com](mailto:vmgtz36@gmail.com)

### ALLOWED TO LEAVE CANADA


Family name: [REDACTED]  
 Given name(s): [REDACTED]  
 Date of birth: [REDACTED] (yyyy/mm/dd)  
 Sex: Male  
 Citizenship: [REDACTED]  
 Document no.: [REDACTED]

UCI: [REDACTED] [Barcode]  
 Application no.: [REDACTED] [Barcode]

Pursuant to paragraph 42(1) of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Regulations*, I am allowing you to withdraw your application to enter Canada and to leave Canada without delay.

The information provided on this form is collected under the authority of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Regulations* for the purpose of allowing you to leave Canada. This information will be stored in Personal Information Bank number CIC PPU 001, Enforcement Data System, and you have the right of access to it and to its protection under the provisions of the *Privacy Act*.

Dated at: Montreal Pierre Elliott Trudeau Int'l Airport PCon 2026/03/21 (yyyy/mm/dd)

  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature of officer

I hereby voluntarily withdraw my application to enter Canada and agree to leave Canada without delay.

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature of person concerned



PERSON CONCERNED

PERSONNE CONCERNÉE

UCI

IUC

DATE

2026-04-28

DATE

### SOLEMN DECLARATION - DÉCLARATION SOLENNELLE

I, BEDROS, solemnly declare that I am a Border Services Officer with the Canada Border Services Agency (CBSA). I am currently employed at the Montreal-Pierre Elliott Trudeau International Airport in DORVAL, QC.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
Citizen of [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] will be hereby referred to as the "subject" for the purposes of this report

The subject's ex-husband UCI: [REDACTED] and her son I [REDACTED] arrived in Canada together and were travelling together

On 2026-03-20, the subject and her family arrived at the Montreal Airport and made a Refugee Claim stating that their life was in danger if they were to return to [REDACTED]

Officer ESTRADA then conducted an examination to determine whether their Refugee Claims were Eligible to be referred to the Immigration and Refugee Protection Board (IRB) and whether they were eligible to One-Touch Refugee Processing

The subject's ex husband declared that he was previously arrested and detained in [REDACTED] and also declared that he served as a Police Officer. BSO ESTRADA made the decision to refer the Refugee Claim to full case processing to go over the details of the Police service and of the Arrest / Detention of the ex-husband in [REDACTED]

Due to it being later in the evening on the 20th of March 2026, BSO ESTRADA made the decision to adjourn the subject and her family to the next day to complete the full case. The subjects were given a BSF536 Entry for Further Examination document that would allow them to leave the Customs Controlled Area. The subject was never detained nor arrested under the Immigration Act nor any other Act of Parliament. The subject was given the opportunity to leave the airport and stay at a hotel for 1 night (if they so wished) before returning to the airport the next day at around 16:00 with her family

On 2026-03-21, the subject and her family returned to the Montreal Airport to continue the immigration examination to determine their eligibility to refer their refugee claim to the IRB. As they were travelling as a family, and the subject's ex-husband was referring to the subject as his "wife", the refugee claims were to be processed together. At first, there were no doubts present that the subject and her ex-husband were still married



An accredited Spanish interpreter was used all along the immigration examination with the subject and her family. In total, 2 interpreters were used during the course of the day. Interpreter VEGA, M. was used during the afternoon and Interpreter CELIS LLERENA, V. P. was used later in the evening.

BSO LUCIER and Superintendent ATTENCIA were present during a significant portion of the examination with the subject and her ex-husband.

During this examination, the subject's ex-husband began being uncooperative and acting in a way that could be considered paranoid. Please see the notes under UCI [REDACTED] for more details of that interaction. The subject's ex-husband was subsequently put aside (outside the interview room) and an interview was conducted with the subject inside the interview room.

At first, it was noticeable that the subject was visibly uncomfortable and shy. We asked her what the issue was and whether she was feeling OK. At first, she stated that nothing was wrong.

The subject eventually admitted that she was not married to her ex-husband (even though the ex-husband was consistently referring to the subject as his wife). She eventually stated that the subject was abusive towards her, threatened her and was rough with her 10 years ago after which she got divorced from him.

When the subject was asked about more details about what exactly he did to her, the subject remained silent, refused to go into more detail and visibly became more emotional and uncomfortable.

She began tearing up, wiping her eyes and shifting her weight on her seat with a defeated look. I asked the subject whether her ex-husband was also abusive towards her in more recent years and even recently. The subject stated that she does not speak to him anymore because she is afraid of him. She also stated that her ex-husband believes that foreign actors are after him and that he acts very paranoid.

The subject again refused to go into further detail and each time she was asked a question about the relationship between her and the ex-husband, she would close up and continue crying.

The subject was given a large amount of time to console and compose herself. At this point in the interview, the subject was approached with understanding, patience and being nice to her.

At this point, the subject was explained how the Refugee Protection Program works in Canada. I explained to the subject that as they came to Canada and claimed protection together with her ex-husband, their claims would be treated together. I asked the subject whether she wanted to proceed with their refugee claims together or whether she wanted to separate her file from her ex-husband's.

The subject answered that she wanted to separate her Refugee Claim from her ex-husbands and wanted her claim and the claim of her child to be treated separately.

The subject stated that she did not have any place to stay. When I explained that she could go to PRAIDA (Programme régional d'accueil et d'intégration des demandeurs d'asile) for temporary housing, she asked whether her ex-husband would go there as well. I explained that it is not 100% sure whether her ex-husband would be going to PRAIDA as that would be his decision to make. I asked the subject why she was asking this question. The subject at first hesitated to answer this question. After asking the question in multiple different ways, the subject stated that she feared her ex-husband and would fear for her own safety and the safety of her



son if they were sent to the same PRAIDA location as her ex-husband.

The subject stated that her ex-husband continued to be "rough with her". When asked to elaborate on this, the subject continues to be emotional and does not provide more details

I explained to the subject that there were many programs available in Canada that could help her. I explained that there were women shelters and other resources available to her since she feared being in the same location as her ex-husband. I informed her that if she so wished, I could provide her with contacts and resources to get in touch with them. I also informed the subject that her future in Canada will no longer be directly tied to her ex-husband as their files will be separated

After reviewing the subject's and her son's Refugee Questionnaire Document, I was satisfied that the subject and her son were eligible for One-Touch Refugee Processing. This is to say a more streamlined process to apply for Refugee Protection where most documents could be filled out by the subject in the future while she was inside of Canada

I informed the subject about the One-Touch Process and informed her that she should wait in the Immigration room with her child until the One-Touch documents (including an A44 Inadmissibility Report and a Departure Order) could be prepared. To note, at this time, the REF-DEM of the subject of her son were already generated. This REF-DEM automatically creates an A44 Inadmissibility Report and a Departure Order with the allegations of A41(a) + A20(1)(a) + R6: The subject is coming to live in Canada permanently without having a Canadian permanent residency visa or other required documents to do so

While the subject and her son were waiting in the Immigration waiting area for the One-Touch process (that would be conducted by an officer that was not previously involved in her case), myself and officer LUCIER were preparing the documents for the Arrest and Detention of the subject's ex-husband under the grounds listed in UCI [REDACTED]

Around 2 hours after my last conversation with the subject, she came towards one of my colleagues at the Immigration Counter and stated that she wanted to return to [REDACTED]. At this point, I approached the subject and began speaking with her

The subject asked what was happening with her ex-husband. I explained that her ex-husband would be detained and that he would be detained for around 48 hours until he appears before the Immigration Division Detention Review

The subject stated that she was not in danger in [REDACTED] stated that she wanted to return to [REDACTED] and did not want Refugee Protection in Canada. It is to note that the subject approached my colleague voluntarily about wanting to return to [REDACTED]. The subject was never offered the option of withdrawing her refugee claim and instead, she requested it

At this point, and after my interaction with the subject and her ex-husband, I was under the impression that the subject was coerced into coming to Canada and it seemed like she did not want to be with her ex-husband and did not want to be in Canada. And due to her previous declarations of abuse she received from her ex-husband, I made the decision to recommend to the Ministers Delegate to allow the subject to withdraw her application to enter Canada instead of recommending a removal order to be issued against her (Exclusion Order)



I am also of the opinion that the wellbeing of the child would be better served if he were to remain with his mother and to ultimately return to [REDACTED] with his mother

The subject was then presented with the Withdrawal of a Claim for Refugee Protection Prior to the Referral to the Refugee Protection Division (form # IMM5317). The subject was explained, while using the services of the accredited Spanish interpreter CELIS LLERENA, V. P., what this document was. The subject was explained that Withdrawing her Refugee Claim at this stage of the process would lead to an inadmissibility under sections A41(a) + A20(1)(a) + R6 for wanting to come live permanently in Canada without having the proper documentation to do so. The subject was also explained that her Refugee Claim would no longer be considered and would not longer be referred to the IRB. The subject was also informed that withdrawing her claim was her decision to make and that this was a voluntary decision she must make

The subject stated that she understood and continued to insist that she wanted to return to [REDACTED] and did not want to apply for Refugee Protection in Canada

The subject was then met by BSO LUCIER who acted as the Ministers Delegate in their case. The subject again confirmed that she wanted to voluntarily withdraw her Refugee Claim and wanted to voluntarily return to [REDACTED] on the next available flight.

I was present during the interaction between BSO LUCIER and the subject

BSO LUCIER found the A44 Inadmissibility Report founded in fact and in law and proceeded to allow the subject and her son to leave Canada (Allowed to Leave)

To note, the subject is able to return to Canada without delay since she was allowed to withdraw her application to enter Canada. Also to note, the subject withdrew her claim prior to the referral of the claim to the IRB. The subject could, in theory, make a future asylum claim in Canada and would not be ineligible to have their claim referred to the IRB under any paragraph under section 101 of the Immigration and Refugee Protection Act.

The subject proceeded to sign the A44 Inadmissibility Report and proceeded to sign the Allowed to Leave. The subject stated that she did not have any further questions nor concerns and that she understood everything that was happening.

The subject was then rebooked on the next available flight towards [REDACTED] along with her son.

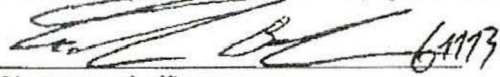
End of my interaction with the subject

End of report



And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath.

Declared before me in DORVAL, Quebec on April 28, 2026.

  
Signature of officer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of declarant



Protected B when completed

### Statutory Declaration

Client ID/UCI #: [REDACTED]

CANADA  
Province of Quebec  
City of Dorval

In the matter of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* and in the matter of [REDACTED], Scott LUCIER, employed as Border Services Officer with the Canada Border Services Agency, make this solemn declaration:

In the course of my duties, on 20 March 2026, I interviewed [REDACTED] at the port of entry located at 975 boul. Roméo-Vachon N, Dorval, QC H4Y 1H1.

Subject : [REDACTED]  
DOB: [REDACTED]  
UCI: [REDACTED]  
Citizenship: [REDACTED]

All interactions with the passengers/subjects were conducted with the help of an accredited interpreter in the Spanish language. Two interpreters were used due to availabilities of the interpreters; M. VEGA for the first part of the examination and V.P. CELIS LLERENA was used for the end of the examination.

Upon arrival to my shift, I was assigned to process a family from [REDACTED] refugee claim via full-case by my superintendent C. HOTTE. The family had arrived the night prior and was adjourned to the following morning by officer J. ESTRADA as the subject's husband was a former police officer in [REDACTED] and stated that he had been arrested in the past. The family was free to enter Canada and spend the night and they were instructed to return to the airport to finish the processing of their asylum claim.

The following day, the subject and her family returned to the airport and officer L. BEDROS and I started processing their asylum claim. The subject was travelling with her ex-husband (discovered later in the examination that they were no longer together. However, subject's ex-husband referred to her as his wife and they presented themselves as a family. We began with subject's ex-husband as we had to interview him in detail regarding his prior arrest and time spent with the [REDACTED] police forces.

Through out the interview, subject's ex-husband became agitated, uncooperative and was exhibiting unusual behaviour, making claims the officers were trying to trick him or lie to him regarding the forms we were completing. Please see notes under the UCI: [REDACTED] for more information regarding subject's ex-husband. Subject's ex-husband was then instructed to leave the examination room and we would be interviewing subject alone.

Subject was speaking in a low manner and appeared to be uncomfortable. She then asked if her file could be separated from her ex-husband because she revealed that they were no longer together. She stated that she wanted her and her son to be separate from him because they are no longer a couple and she did not feel comfortable being with her ex-husband. At this point subject was visibly uncomfortable and very closed-off. She had difficulty speaking and began to tear up when she mentioned her ex-husband. She mentioned that she was not with her ex-husband anymore and that he was abusive towards her in recent years and his behaviour was becoming more and more paranoid stating that he said people were coming after him. Both BEDROS and I were patient and allowed subject time to collect her thoughts and speak when she was ready. Our interpreter M. VEGA was also reassuring her that she is able to speak freely and she does not need to worry about her ex-husband. We explained to her that if she needs help, there are social programs (PRAIDA, YMCA etc.) and women's shelters for her if she needs a place to stay. She asked if her husband would be accompanying her to the housing. We said we did not know, that would be their decision and their decision alone. Subject then stated that she did not feel safe with her ex-husband and she did not want him to follow her to PRAIDA. She said that she is worried about the safety of her and her son, and she just wanted to do what was best for her son.

We asked the subject if she would be able to talk a little more about the situation with her ex-husband, particularly the abuse she had previously mentioned. Subject became more emotional and was unable to elaborate further. She mentioned again that she did not feel safe with him and that she wanted what was best for her son. We told her that



her safety as well as her son's was a priority for us, and if she was asking to separate their files, we could do that, and we just wanted to gather more information regarding her and her ex-husband's situation. We explained to her again that she does not need to go to the same shelter as her husband and there were programs available to her if she needed them. Subject was still emotional and repeated that she was worried about her son.

I then re-explained the asylum process to the subject and informed her that if she wanted to continue with her asylum claim, we would prepare the documents and get her process started. They would include an inadmissibility report and a conditional removal order that is not currently in effect until a judge renders a decision on her claim. Subject understood our explanations and left her with son to wait in the immigration office while we processed her ex-husband. Subject's file and her son's were then put in the One-Touch process where her claim would be treated by another officer. BEDROS and I returned to the immigration counter to continue the paperwork for her husband. Again, please see UCI [REDACTED] for more information regarding his arrest and detention.

Some time after our initial conversation with subject, she approached another officer and stated that she wanted to return to [REDACTED]. I then called another interpreter V.P. CELIS LLERENA in order to speak to the subject and allow her to explain herself properly. With the help of an accredited interpreter, subject explained that she wanted to return to [REDACTED] and did not want to continue with her asylum claim. I asked subject again if she was certain that she wanted to return to [REDACTED] and she stated "Yes" she wanted to return to [REDACTED]. I re-explained the asylum process and what a withdrawal of a refugee claim was to her in order for her to completely understand both sides of the situation and make an informed decision. I allowed subject time to think about her decision and told her that when she was ready, she can come back to me and let me know what her decision was. Subject asked about her ex-husband, and I explained that he was being detained and in 48 hours he would be able to speak to a judge regarding his detention. Subject then asked when the earliest available flight would be to return to [REDACTED] which was the following morning. I explained that the airline company would handle the plane tickets so she did not have to worry about purchasing a flight. Subject then stated that she wanted to return to [REDACTED] with her son as she believed he would be safer there. She stated that she did not want to continue with her asylum claim and that she never really needed asylum as her husband brought them to Canada.

I believe it was in the best interests of the minor child that he be able to return to [REDACTED] with his mother. Due to our interactions with the subject and her ex-husband, I believe her safety and her child's safety were at stake.

I spoke with BEDROS and we both agreed to proceed with a withdrawal of subject's asylum claim as well as her son's. BEDROS finished writing his inadmissibility report and presented it to me at which point he made a recommendation to myself (the Minister's Delegate) that we should proceed with an Allowed to Leave versus an Exclusion Order as it was not subject's intention to claim asylum in Canada and we did not want to remove the subject from Canada. We wanted her to make her own decision with the best interest of herself and her son in mind, and after discussing the matter further, BEDROS and I agreed that an Allowed to Leave was the best possible option in this case. I believe BEDROS' report was founded in fact and in law and I accepted BEDROS' recommendation and we proceeded to complete the appropriate paperwork; 44 inadmissibility report, Allowed to Leave, passport/document seizure (BSF698), Entry for Further Examination (BSF536) etc. and the ticket booking with the airline company.

After some time, I met subject with the accredited interpreter that was previously mentioned with BEDROS present as well. I explained to the subject the Withdrawal of a Claim for Refugee Protection Prior to the Referral to the Refugee Protection Division (IMMS317), read the contents of the form verbatim and reminded her that she was freely making the decision to withdraw her claim and she understood the nature and consequences of her withdrawal. Subject understood her withdrawal. I explained to her the allegations of the 44 report stating that she had made an asylum claim and wanted to live in Canada permanently without the proper permanent resident visa and read the contents of the report verbatim to the subject. Subject understood the contents of the 44 report. I explained to subject the Allowed to Leave stating that it was a voluntary decision to withdraw her entry to enter Canada and that I decided not to issue a removal order against her. I read the contents of the Allowed to Leave to the subject verbatim. Subject understood the Allowed to Leave. Subject was then explained he adjournment process via the Entry for Further examination document (BSF536). Subject understood the document. Subject signed all of the documents that were explained to her and reiterated that she understood their contents. Subject was then free to leave the immigration office and rest before her flight the following morning.



EXÉ/Officier

I, BEDROS, solemnly declare that I am a Border Services Officer with the Canada Border Services Agency (CBSA). I am currently employed at the Montreal-Pierre Elliott Trudeau International Airport in DORVAL, Quebec. [REDACTED] will hereby be referred to as the "subject" for the purposes of this report. On 2026-03-21, at around 16:30, I began the processing of the subject's refugee claim at Immigration at the Montreal Trudeau Airport. The refugee claim was referred to a "full case ref-claim" by officer ESTRADA the day previous since the subject answered "YES" to multiple mandatory questions. The subject answered "YES" to the question asking whether he had ever been detained or arrested in the past, and answered "YES" to the question about being part of the Police in [REDACTED]. When I began interviewing the subject along with BSO LUCIER, the subject appeared to be disoriented and very tired. When the subject was asked about whether or not he was feeling OK, the subject responded "YES". The subject began being uncooperative during the examination and while filling out the documents. The subject was asked about which Police department he was a part of. The subject verbally stated the name of the Police department. Since it was a Spanish name and I did not know how to write it, I asked the subject to write down the name on a piece of scrap paper. The paper we presented was a print out of an email that BSO ESTRADA sent to inform us of why the case should be treated as a full case, and not One-Touch Eligible. The subject refused to write down the name of his police department since he stated he was convinced that that we were trying to trap him by getting him to sign a document without us translating the document. It is to note that neither myself nor BSO LUCIER asked the subject to sign the document and instead, asked the subject to write down the name of the Police Department that he was a part of. The subject then requested that BSO LUCIER translate word for word the document about the subject's Police history. The subject refused to answer any questions until we would translate this document. This document is meant as information collection about the subject's employment in [REDACTED] to ensure that no inadmissibility's are present. This document does not need to be signed by the subject. BSO LUCIER acquiesced to his request. The subject continued being non-cooperative and refused to answer questions. The subject then insisted that the documents that BSO ESTRADA photocopied were probably falsified and edited by officer ESTRADA. The subject insisted that he needed to read over all of the documents line by line to ensure that they are genuine. Since the subject was not going to move forward with the interview until he was satisfied that BSO ESTRADA did not tamper with his documents, myself and officer LUCIER decided to continue the interview with the subject's "wife". At first, it was noticeable that [REDACTED] was visibly uncomfortable and shy. We asked her what the issue was and at first, stated that nothing was wrong. Later in the interview, [REDACTED] admitted that she was not married to the subject (although the subject always called [REDACTED] his wife). She eventually stated that the subject was abusive towards her, threatened her and was rough with her 10 years ago. When the subject was asked about more details about what exactly he did to her, [REDACTED] remained silent, refused to answer questions and visibly became more emotional and uncomfortable. She began tearing up, wiping her eyes and shifting her weight on her seat with a defeated look. I asked the subject whether the subject was also abusive towards her in more recent years and even recently. [REDACTED] stated that she does not

speak to him anymore because she is afraid of him. She also stated that he believes that foreign actors are after him and that he acts very paranoid [REDACTED] again refused to go into further detail and each time she was asked a question about the subject, she would close up and continue crying During this time, the subject called 9-1-1 and began yelling that he needed help. BSOs made the subject stop and informed the police that he was with the CBSA at the airport Officer LUCIER eventually made the decision to end the refugee processing since we were both not convince that the subject was able to fully appreciate the nature of the proceedings nor able to fully understand what was happening. Officer LUCIER then decided to refer the case to an Admissibility Hearing so that the subject may be represented by Counsel and any other resource he would need I recommend that the subject be detained until the admssibility hearing for the following reasons / Ground (Flight Risk and Danger to the Public): Flight Risk: -The subject is making a refugee claim (inherent flight risk) -No family or contacts in Canada that could be a guarantor for the subject -No fixed address -The subject was uncooperative during the examination (refusing to answer questions, refusal to sign documents relating to his Refugee Claim, etc.) -Has a fear that the main goal of the interviewing CBSA officers are to deport him from Canada. Has a strong distrust of Canadian Immigration officials. This could be a strong reason for the subject to not present himself at his scheduled hearing -The subject's ex-wife [REDACTED] states that the subject believes that many foreign actor are after him. The mental state of the subject is in question as to whether he understands the obligations of the need to present himself for future Refugee Claim proceedings -The subject displayed many signs of not understanding the proceedings for Refugee Protection in Canada Danger: -The subject spent 1 month in prison in [REDACTED] Stated he was arrested and investigated after his car ran into a Police Vehicle in [REDACTED] Stated that he was imprisoned between November 18th 2025 and December 10th 2025. It is unclear whether these charges are still pending -The subject was travelling to Canada with his ex-wife [REDACTED] The subject and his ex-wife and child all asked for asylum in Canada. [REDACTED] stated that she did not feel safe around the subject. Stated that they divorced 10 years ago since he was abusive and threatened her. The subject, however, continues to call [REDACTED] his wife when they have been divorced for a long period of time -When [REDACTED] is asked whether he continues to abuse her after their divorce, [REDACTED] remains silent. When questioned about what the subject does to her, she refuses to go into detail and is visibly uncomfortable. She begins to cry and becomes emotional. She never denies that the subject is still abusive towards her. Her actions and non-verbal reactions to the questions asked of her leads me to believe that this abuse is ongoing and was not limited to 10 years ago when she got divorced with the subject [REDACTED] stated that the subject continues to be rough with her but does not explain in what that consists [REDACTED] finally stated that she did not feel safe around him. [REDACTED] stated that if she was sent with the subject to PRAIDA, she would fear for her safety and the safety of her child. [REDACTED] refuses to explain in more detail and is visibly uncomfortable while explaining this -I believe that the subject presents a danger to [REDACTED] and their child and that allowing the subject to be released into the Canadian public could present a danger to himself (for mental health reasons) and could represent a danger to his ex-wife and child. If released, the subject would be in the exact same building as [REDACTED] and her child since they do not have another place to stay (no Canadian

reception or housing) ALTERNATIVES TO DETENTION (NONE OF WHICH HAS BEEN RETAINED) • Given all of the above, no alternative to detention is available for the subject. • The subject's detention will be a short term detention until his Admissibility Hearing (date and time is undetermined) • The subject's detention review is scheduled for [REDACTED] • The subject has no fixed residence in Canada. Therefore, it would be impossible to locate him if he failed to comply with the conditions of his Admissibility Hearing • The subject has no immediate family or credible friends in Canada who could act as a guarantor for the subject's departure from Canada -A bond or Guarantee cannot be posted by the subject (POE DETENTION) At 19:43, the subject was arrested without a warrant under IRPA section A55(2) for Admissibility Hearing, flight risk and danger to the Canadian public The subject was explained the reason for his arrest, his right to a lawyer and his rights under the Vienna Convention The subject stated that he understood why he was under arrest under IRPA, wanted to exercise his right to contact a legal-aid lawyer. The subject stated at first that it made no sense that we should inform his embassy of his arrest if he is asking for Refugee Protection against [REDACTED] Officer LUCIER informed the subject that it was his rights under International Conventions and that it was his decision The subject continued to deny wanting his Vienna Convention rights. The subject later changed his mind and stated he wanted his embassy informed of his arrest The BSF776 Vienna Convention form was subsequently sent to the corresponding embassy The subject began speaking with the legal aid lawyer When the subject ended his phone call with the lawyer, the subject stated that he wanted to withdraw his application for Refugee protection. We informed the subject that he will be able to do that at his Admissibility Hearing and that we were not convinced that he understood what that means While waiting for the lawyer to answer the phone call, the subject began saying that he wanted to speak to a physical lawyer to confirm that he is speaking to a real lawyer. Stated that he thinks that a fake lawyer will answer the phone to collect information from him The subject then began smacking the walls to see if they were hollow and to see whether someone could be listening to him The subject saw a phone on the wall that was out of order and did not function. Although we informed the subject of this, the subject picked up the phone and was seeing if someone was listening to him and listening to what he is saying The subject refused to touch the CBSA interpreter Cellphone and used his shirt to move the phone. I believe the subject did this to avoid putting his fingerprints on the cellphone The subject is detained until his Admissibility Hearing End of my interaction with the subject End of report BSO BEDROS #61113

LB28277 2026/03/22 08:13:56 AEROPORT INTERNATIONAL P.E. TRUDEAU

Général

Subject previously withdrew their refugee claim after separating her file from her ex-husband and wanted to return to [REDACTED] with her son [REDACTED]

SL25832      2026/03/22 07:27:49    AEROPORT INTERNATIONAL P.E. TRUDEAU

Général

This A44 report is based on facts and lawfully founded. Based on the report written by the officer, I accept the officer's recommendation to issue an Allowed to Leave to the subject. Subject was met in person and spoken to in Spanish with the help of an accredited interpreter with no apparent language barrier. Subject understood the 44 report and the Allowed to Leave. Subject had no further questions for myself or the officers involved. Subject previously withdrew their refugee claim after separating her file from her ex-husband and wanted to return to [REDACTED] with her son [REDACTED]

SL25832 AEROPORT INTERNATIONAL P.E. TRUDEAU 2026/03/22 07:25:58

Général

Please see notes in UCI [REDACTED]

SL25832 AEROPORT INTERNATIONAL P.E. TRUDEAU 2026/03/22 07:25:42